## Joint and Conditional Probabilities [nln44]

Joint probability: P(AB) (event A and event B) Conditional probability: P(A|B) (event A if event B) Relations: P(AB) = P(A|B)P(B) = P(B|A)P(A)

Simple consequences:

- If  $A \subset B$  then P(A|B) = P(A)/P(B)
- If  $B \subset A$  then P(A|B) = 1

Conditional probabilities satisfy probability axioms [nex90].

Bayes' theorem:  $P(A|B) = P(B|A)\frac{P(A)}{P(B)}$ 

Applications:

- $\triangleright$  Successive random picks [nex91]
- $\triangleright$  Heads or tails [nex93]
- $\triangleright$  Quantity and quality [nex76]
- $\triangleright$  Diagnosis of a rare disease [nex77]
- $\triangleright$  Event or complement [nex9]