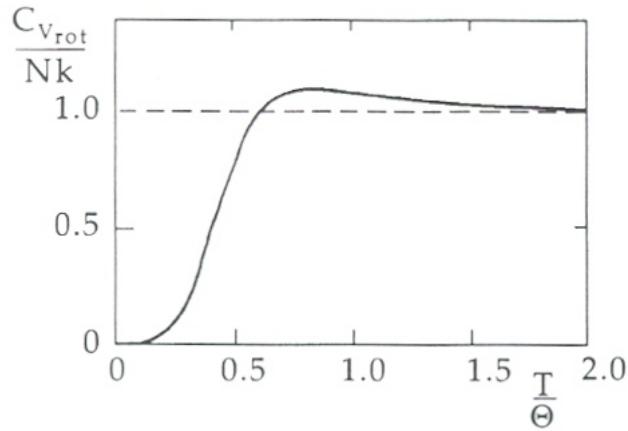


## Rotational and vibrational heat capacities [tsl32]

Rotational heat capacity of two-atomic gas:

$$T \ll \Theta : \quad C \simeq 12Nk_B \left( \frac{\Theta}{T} \right)^2 e^{-2\Theta/T}; \quad \Theta \equiv \frac{\hbar^2}{2Ik_B}$$

$$T \gg \Theta : \quad C \simeq Nk_B \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{45} \left( \frac{\Theta}{T} \right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

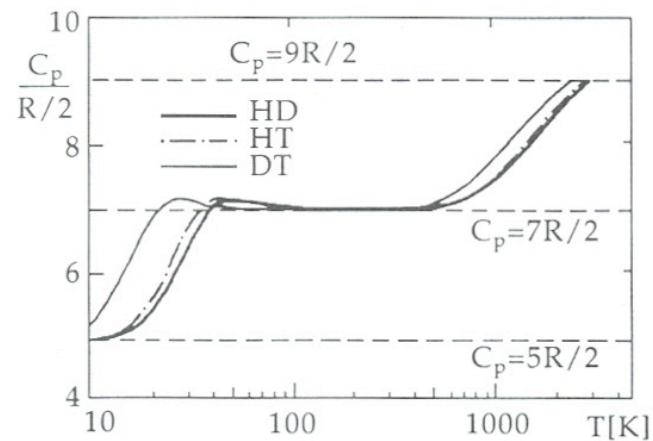


Rotational and vibrational heat capacities of hydrogen molecules:

H:  ${}^1\text{H}$  (hydrogen)

D:  ${}^2\text{H}$  (deuterium)

T:  ${}^3\text{H}$  (tritium)



[from Greiner et al. 1995]