Electric Potential of a Uniformly Charged Spherical Shell



- Electric charge on shell: $Q = \sigma A = 4\pi\sigma R^2$
- Electric field at r > R: $E = \frac{kQ}{r^2}$
- Electric field at r < R: E = 0
- Electric potential at r > R:

$$V = -\int_{\infty}^{r} \frac{kQ}{r^2} \, dr = \frac{kQ}{r}$$

• Electric potential at r < R:

$$V = -\int_{-\infty}^{R} \frac{kQ}{r^2} dr - \int_{R}^{r} (0)dr = \frac{kQ}{R}$$

• Here we have used $r_0 = \infty$ as the reference value of the radial coordinate.

