# **Unit Exam II: Problem #1 (Spring '17)**



The capacitors (initially discharged) have been connected to the battery. The circuit is now at equilibrium. Find ...

- (a) the charge  $Q_4$  on the 4pF-capacitor,
- (b) the energy  $U_7$  on the 7pF-capacitor,
- (c) the voltage  $V_{10}$  across the upper 10pF-capacitor,
- (d) the equivalent capacitance  $C_{eq}$ .



- (a) the charge  $Q_3$  on the 3pF-capacitor,
- (b) the energy  $U_5$  on the 5pF-capacitor,
- (c) the voltage  $V_8$  across the lower 8pF-capacitor,
- (d) the equivalent capacitance  $C_{eq}$ .



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- (a) the charge  $Q_3$  on the 3pF-capacitor,
- (b) the energy  $U_5$  on the 5pF-capacitor,
- (c) the voltage  $V_8$  across the lower 8pF-capacitor,
- (d) the equivalent capacitance  $C_{eq}$ .

#### Solution:

- (a)  $Q_4 = (6V)(4pF) = 24pC.$
- (b)  $U_7 = \frac{1}{2} (7 \text{pF}) (6 \text{V})^2 = 126 \text{pJ}.$
- (c)  $V_{10} = \frac{1}{2} \, 6 \mathrm{V} = 3 \mathrm{V}.$
- (d)  $C_{eq} = 4pF + 7pF + 5pF = 16pF.$

(a)  $Q_3 = (9V)(3pF) = 27pC.$ 

(b) 
$$U_5 = \frac{1}{2}(5\text{pF})(9\text{V})^2 = 202.5\text{pJ}.$$

(c) 
$$V_8 = \frac{1}{2} 9 V = 4.5 V.$$

(d) 
$$C_{eq} = 3pF + 5pF + 4pF = 12pF.$$

## **Unit Exam II: Problem #2 (Spring '17)**



Consider this circuit with two terminals, four resistors, and one switch. (a) Find the equivalent resistance  $R_{eq}^{(open)}$  when the switch is open. (b) Find the equivalent resistance  $R_{eq}^{(closed)}$  when the switch is closed.





## **Unit Exam II: Problem #2 (Spring '17)**



Consider this circuit with two terminals, four resistors, and one switch. (a) Find the equivalent resistance  $R_{eq}^{(open)}$  when the switch is open. (b) Find the equivalent resistance  $R_{eq}^{(closed)}$  when the switch is closed.





**Solution:** 

$$R_{eq}^{(open)} = \left(\frac{1}{1\Omega + 2\Omega} + \frac{1}{1\Omega + 2\Omega}\right)^{-1} = \frac{3}{2}\Omega. \qquad R_{eq}^{(open)} = \left(\frac{1}{1\Omega + 3\Omega} + \frac{1}{1\Omega + 3\Omega}\right)^{-1} = 2\Omega.$$

$$R_{eq}^{(closed)} = \left(\frac{1}{1\Omega} + \frac{1}{2\Omega}\right)^{-1} + \left(\frac{1}{1\Omega} + \frac{1}{2\Omega}\right)^{-1} \qquad R_{eq}^{(closed)} = \left(\frac{1}{1\Omega} + \frac{1}{3\Omega}\right)^{-1} + \left(\frac{1}{1\Omega} + \frac{1}{3\Omega}\right)^{-1} = \frac{3}{2}\Omega.$$

$$= \frac{3}{2}\Omega.$$

#### **Unit Exam II: Problem #3 (Spring '17)**



Consider this circuit with two batteries, two resistors, and one switch.

- (a) Find the current *I* when the switch is open.
- (b) Find the current *I* when the switch is closed.
- (c) Find the potential difference  $V_a V_b$  when the switch is open.
- (d) Find the potential difference  $V_a V_b$  when the switch is closed.







Consider this circuit with two batteries, two resistors, and one switch.

- (a) Find the current *I* when the switch is open.
- (b) Find the current *I* when the switch is closed.
- (c) Find the potential difference  $V_a V_b$  when the switch is open.
- (d) Find the potential difference  $V_a V_b$  when the switch is closed.

#### Solution:

(a) 
$$I = \frac{15V}{5\Omega} = 3A.$$
  
(b)  $I = \frac{15V}{5\Omega} + \frac{12V}{6\Omega} = 3A + 2A = 5A.$   
(c)  $V_a - V_b = 12V.$   
(d)  $V_a - V_b = 0.$ 

(a) 
$$I = \frac{16V}{2\Omega} = 8A.$$
  
(b)  $I = \frac{16V}{2\Omega} + \frac{15V}{5\Omega} = 8A + 3A = 11A.$   
(c)  $V_a - V_b = 15V.$   
(d)  $V_a - V_b = 0.$