## **Mechanical Oscillator with Damping**



• law of motion: F = ma,  $a = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$ 

• law of force: 
$$F = -kx - bv$$
,  $v = \frac{dx}{dt}$ 

• equation of motion: 
$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \frac{b}{m} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{k}{m} x = 0$$

Solution for initial conditions x(0) = A, v(0) = 0:

(a) underdamped motion:  $b^2 < 4km$ 

$$x(t) = Ae^{-bt/2m} \left[ \cos(\omega't) + \frac{b}{2m\omega'} \sin(\omega't) \right] \quad \text{with} \quad \omega' = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m} - \frac{b^2}{4m^2}}$$

(b) overdamped motion:  $b^2 > 4km$ 

$$x(t) = Ae^{-bt/2m} \left[ \cosh(\Omega't) + \frac{b}{2m\Omega'} \sinh(\Omega't) \right] \quad \text{with} \quad \Omega' = \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{4m^2} - \frac{k}{m^2}}$$

