## [tex50] Maxwell velocity distribution (Maxwell's derivation)

In the original derivation of the velocity distribution  $f(v_x, v_y, v_z)$  for a classical ideal gas, Maxwell used the following ingredients: (i) The Cartesian velocity components  $v_x, v_y, v_z$  (interpreted as stochastic variables) are statistically independent. (ii) The distribution  $f(v_x, v_y, v_z)$  is spherical symmetric. (iii) The mean-square velocity is determined by the equipartition theorem. Determine  $f(v_x, v_y, v_z)$  along these lines.

## Solution: