[tex112] Maxwell-Boltzmann gas in \mathcal{D} dimensions

From the expression,

$$\Omega(T, V, \mu) = -k_B T \sum_k e^{-\beta(\epsilon_k - \mu)},$$

for the grand potential of the Maxwell-Boltzmann gas and the density of energy levels obtained in [tex111] for (a) the nonrelativistic case and (b) the ultrarelativistic case, derive the familiar results for the equation of state, $pV = \mathcal{N}k_{\rm B}T$, the heat capacity C_V , and the adiabate in the form $pV^{\gamma} = \text{const}$ at fixed \mathcal{N} . Check the results against those obtained in [tex76] and [tex94] for the nonrelativistic classical ideal gas and in [tex77] and [tex169] for the ultrarelativistic classical ideal gas.

Solution: