## [gex56] Orthogonal family of functions I

Consider the analytic function  $f(z) = ze^{-z}$ .

(a) Express it in the form, f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y), where u and v are real, harmonic functions. The Mathematica command ComplexExpand does that efficiently.

The two one-parameter families of curves  $u(x, y) = \alpha$ ,  $v(x, y) = \beta$  are then mutually orthogonal at all points of intersection as explained in [gmd7].

(b) Plot curves from both families across the ranges -1 < x < 3, -2 < y < 2. choose the parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  such that a compelling pattern of orthogonal intersections is present. The Mathematica command ContourPlot is a convenient tool for this purpose.

## Solution: