## [gex48] Matrix operations IX: eigenvectors of Hermitian matrix

Consider the constant, symmetric matrix,

$$\mathbf{H} = \left( \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 3\imath & 2 \\ -3\imath & 2 & -\imath \\ 2 & \imath & 3 \end{array} \right).$$

- (a) Use the command N[Eigenvalues[]] to determine the three (real) eigenvalues of H.
- (b) Reproduce these eigenvalues by applying the command NSolve to the characteristic polynomial  $\text{Det}[\mathbf{H} \lambda \mathbf{I}]$ , where  $\mathbf{I}$  is the identity matrix.
- (c) Use the command  $N[Eigenvectors[\ ]]$  to determine the three (non-normalized and complex) eigenvectors of  $\mathbf{H}$ .
- (d) Demonstrate that these eigenvectors are mutually orthogonal.
- (e) Use the Norm command to normalize the three eigenvectors.

Create a Mathematica notebook to carry out these tasks.

## **Solution:**