[lex49] Resistor circuit II

The resistor circuits inside the dashed boxes contain 3n - 2 resistors of resistance R and have an equivalent resistance R_n .

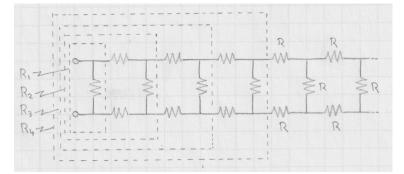
(a) Determine the equivalent resistances R_1, \ldots, R_4 as fractions of R.

(b) Establish a recurrence relation that expresses R_n as a function of R_{n-1} and R.

(c) It can be reasoned that for large n the difference between R_n and R_{n-1} becomes negligible.

Use this assumption to convert the recurrence relation into an equation for R_{∞} , the equivalent resistance of an infinite array. Express R_{∞} as a fraction of R.

(d) Check the convergence of R_n by evaluating the ratios R_n/R_∞ for $n = 1, \ldots, 4$.



Solution: