[lex150] Mean and variance of Pascal distribution

The Pascal distribution (also named geometric distribution),

$$P(n) = (1 - \gamma)\gamma^n$$
 : $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$,

is a probability distribution with many different applications including the level occupancies of a quantum harmonic oscillator. Use elementary means to show that

- (a) the distribution is properly normalized,
- (b) the mean is $\langle n \rangle = \gamma/(1-\gamma)$,
- (c) the variance is $\langle \langle n^2 \rangle \rangle = \langle n \rangle + \langle n \rangle^2$.

Solution: