## [lex12] Spherical capacitor

The device property capacitance for two oppositely charged conductors is defined as $C=Q / V$, where $Q$ is the magnitude of charge on each capacitor and $V \doteq \Phi_{2}-\Phi_{1}$ the potential difference between the two conductors [lln6]. Consider the case of two concentric conducting spheres of length $L$, one grounded and the other at potential $\Phi_{0}$. The inner sphere has radius $a$ and the surrounding shell has inner radius $b$ as shown. Calculate the result,

$$
C=\frac{4 \pi \epsilon_{0} a b}{b-a}
$$

for this geometry by going through the following steps: (i) coordinate system adapted to the spherical symmetry; (ii) Laplace equation for electric potential; (iii) boundary conditions; (iv) solution of Laplace equation; (v) electric field; (vi) charge density on relevant surfaces; (vii) charge on each conductor; (viii) voltage between conductors; (ix) capacitance.

## Solution:



